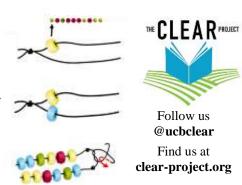
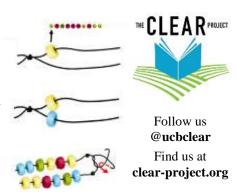
# Instructions:

- 1. Tie 2 pieces of string together.
- 2. String the bead that matches the first letter of your sequence (G, blue) onto 1 strand see back.
- 3. On the opposite strand, string on the matching pair for your first bead (C, teal).
  - 4. Keep threading beads until your double stranded sequence is complete. Tie off the ends, and congrats! You've made a DNA sequence bracelet!



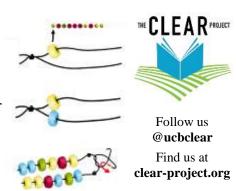
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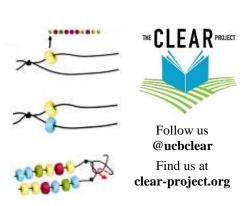
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# <u>Crystal Jelly (Aequorea victoria)</u>; <u>Green fluorescent protein (GFP)</u> gene segment



About this gene: This sequence is part of a gene in Crystal Jellyfish that encodes for a protein which causes fluorescence. This protein turns a brilliant shade of bright, glowing green when expressed in UV light.

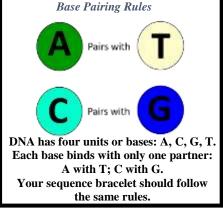
# Pairs with Pairs with Pairs with DNA has four units or bases: A, C, G, T. Each base binds with only one partner: A with T; C with G. Your sequence bracelet should follow

the same rules.

# <u>Crystal Jelly (Aequorea victoria)</u>; <u>Green fluorescent protein (GFP)</u> <u>gene segment</u>



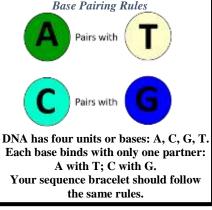
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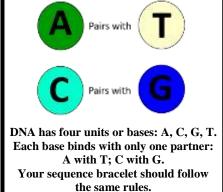
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**Base Pairing Rules**